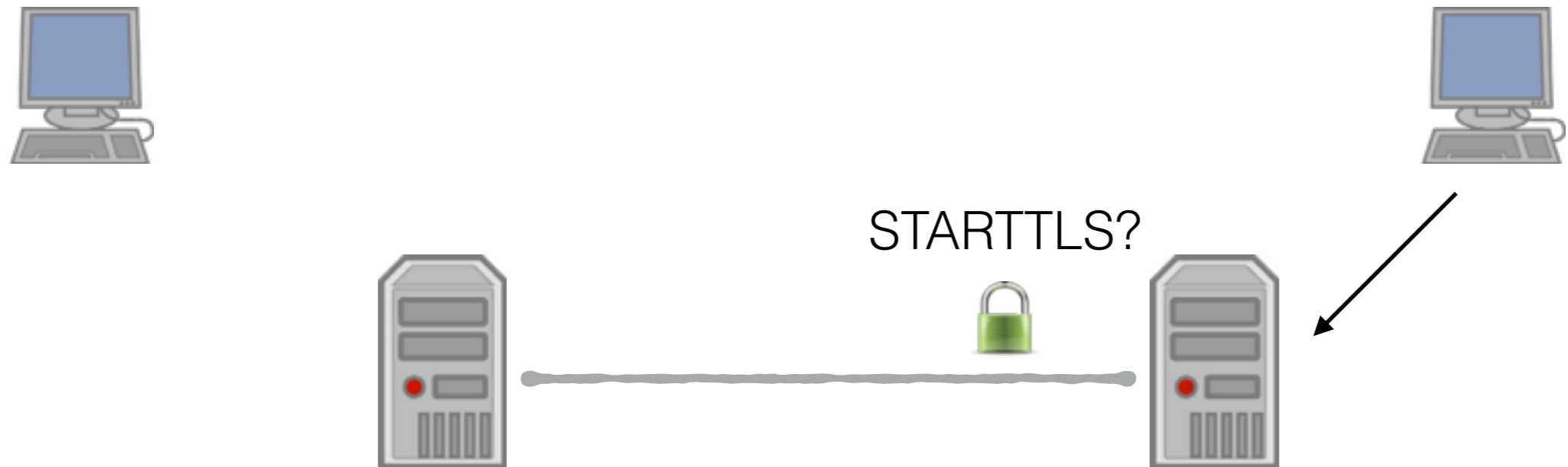


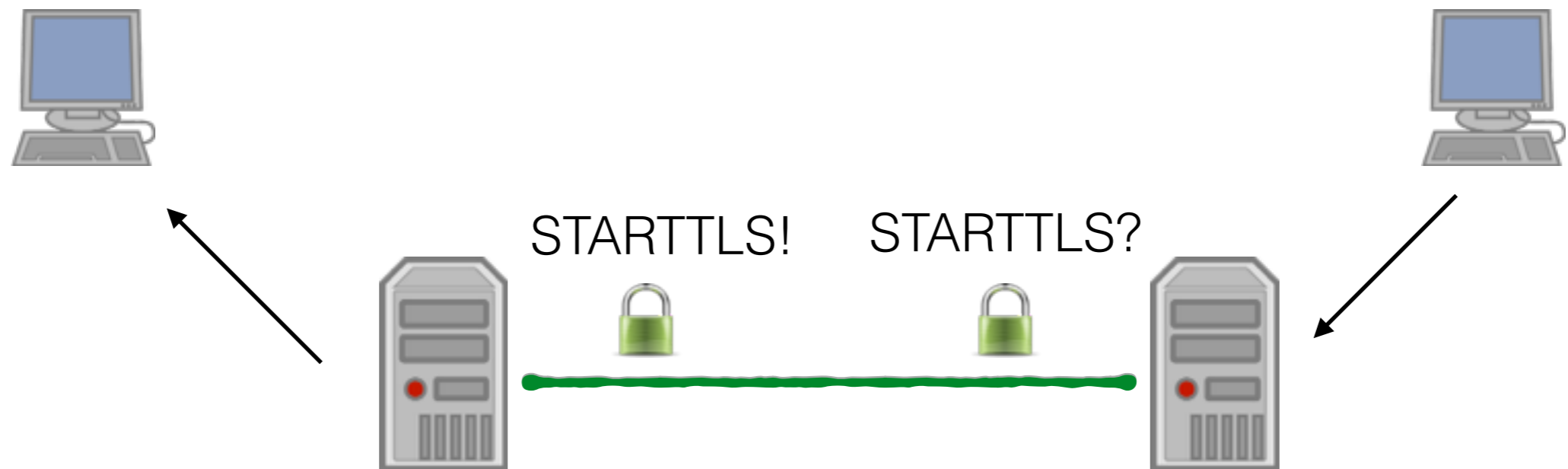
# DANEs don't lie

Patrick Ben Koetter  
Carsten Strotmann

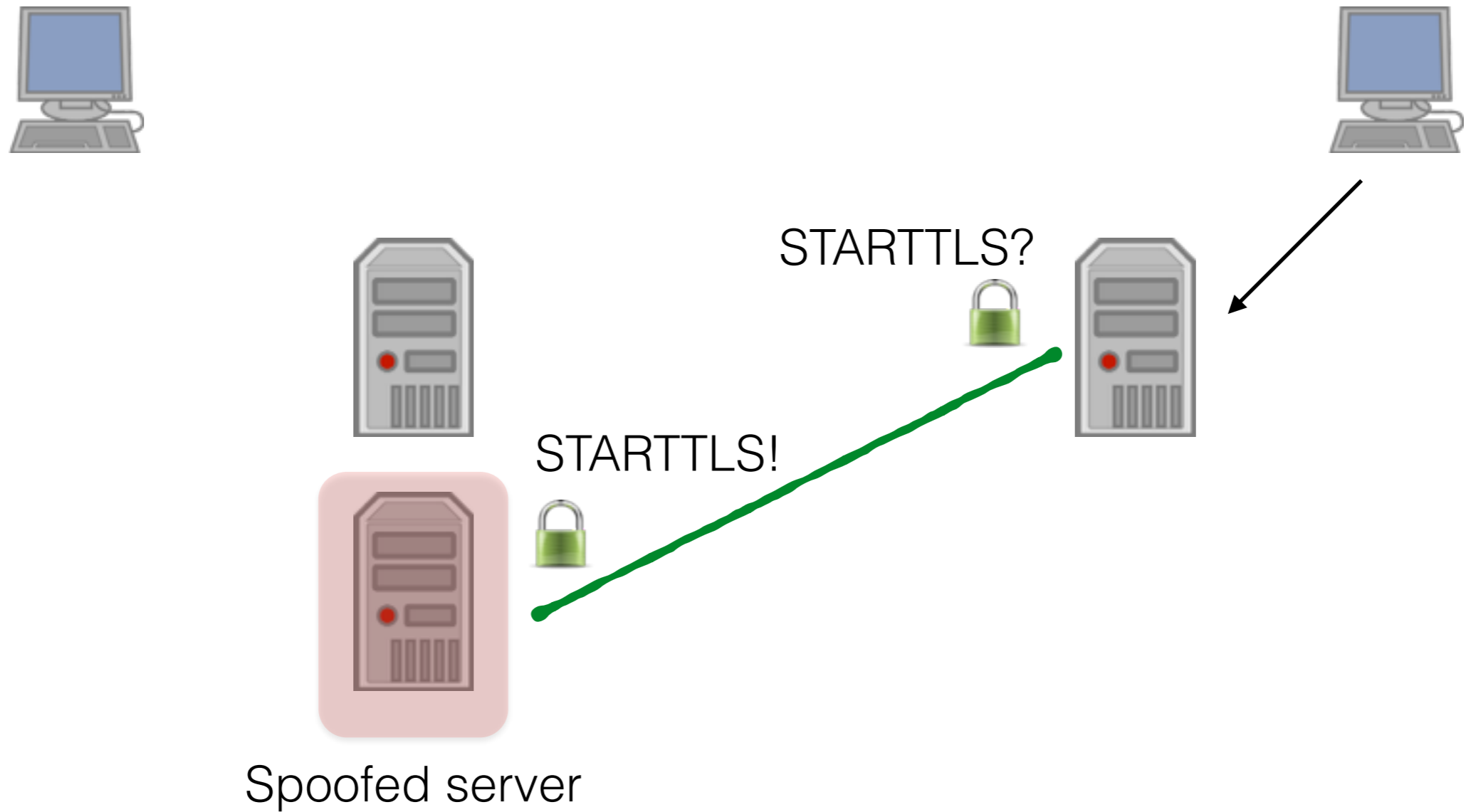
# TLS and SMTP



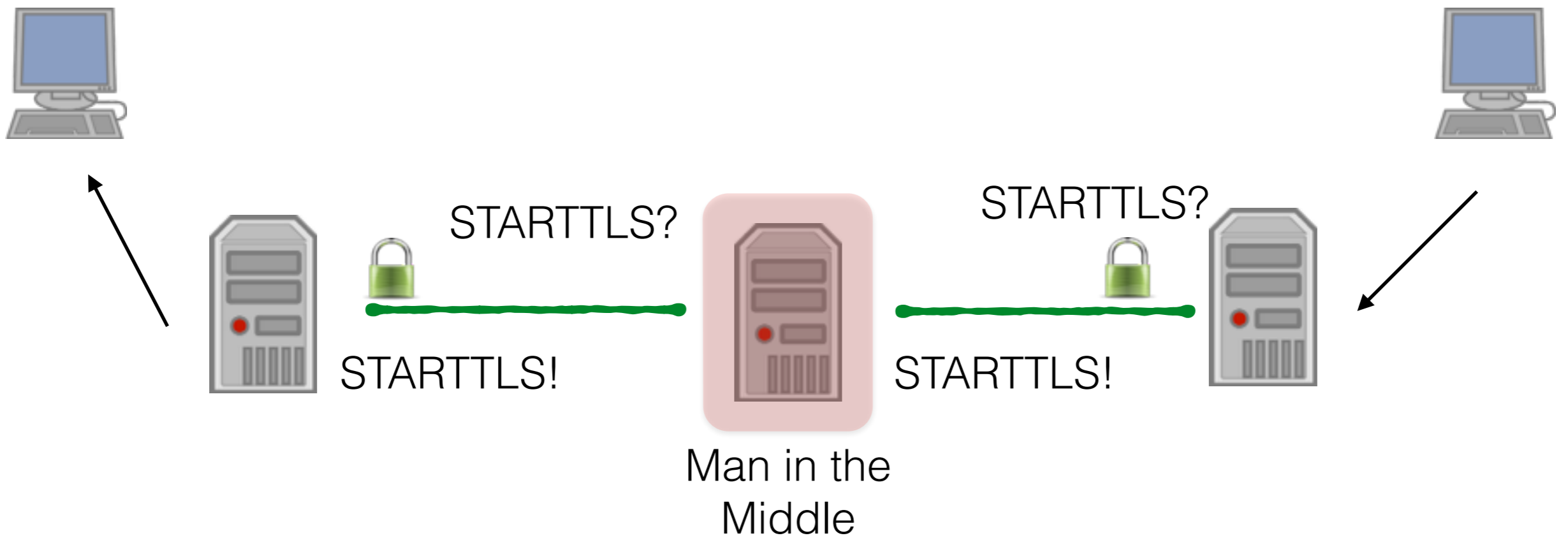
# TLS and SMTP



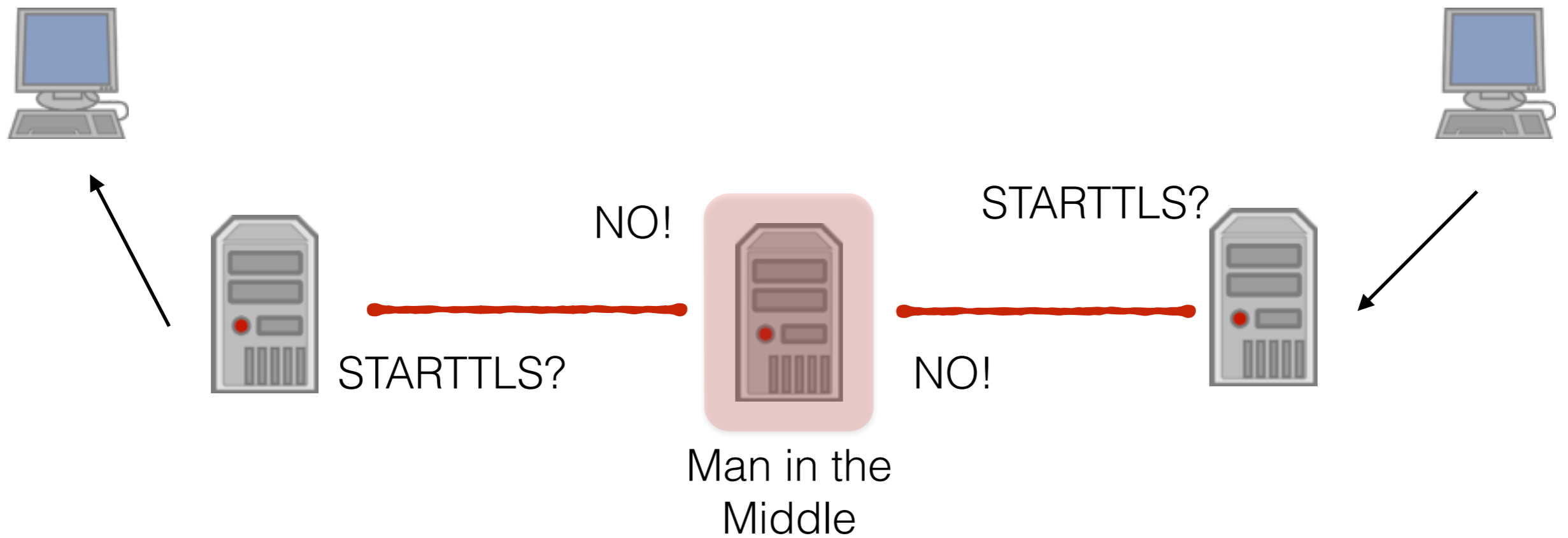
# TLS and SMTP



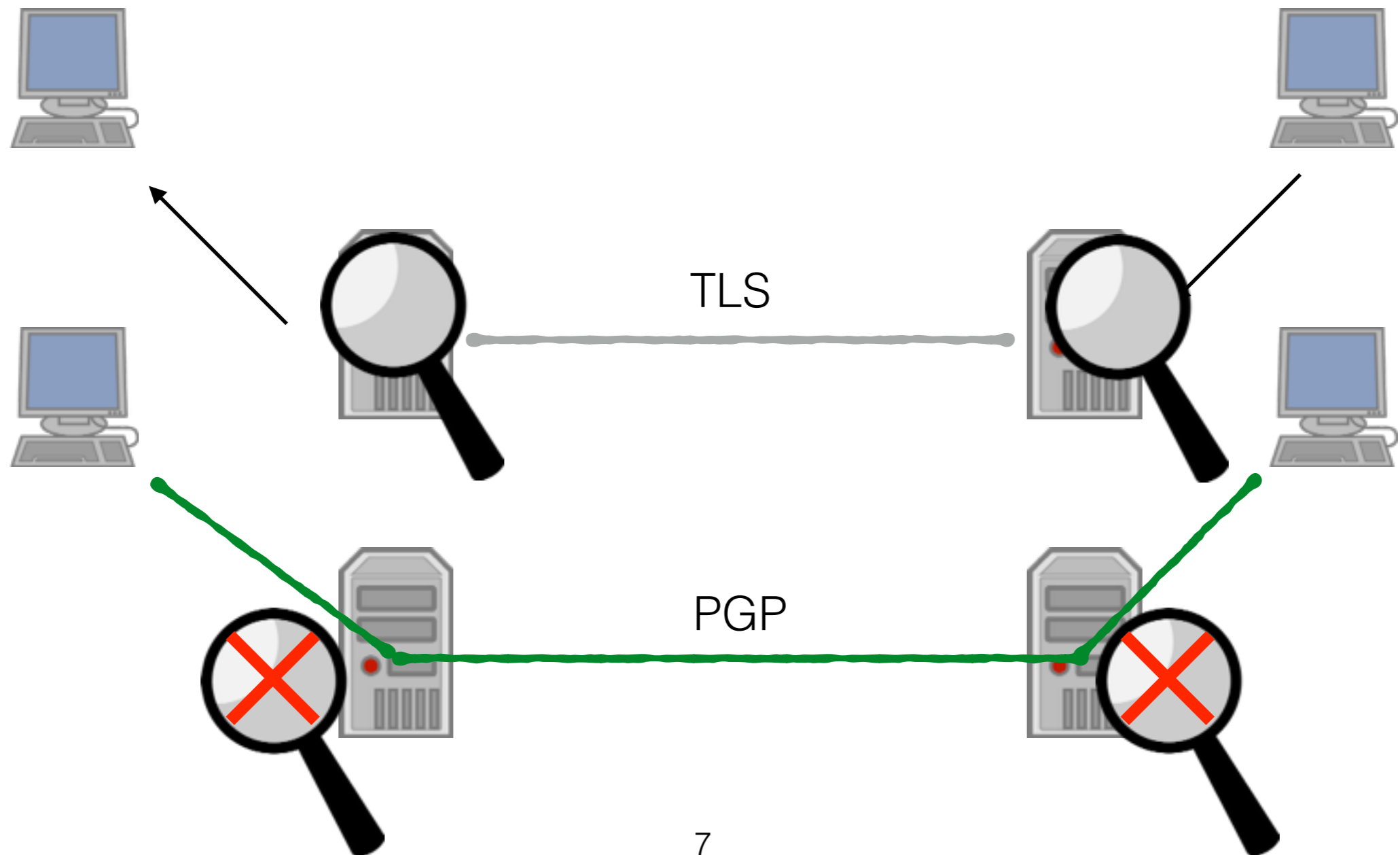
# TLS and SMTP



# TLS and SMTP



# TLS != PGP



# TLSA/SMTP

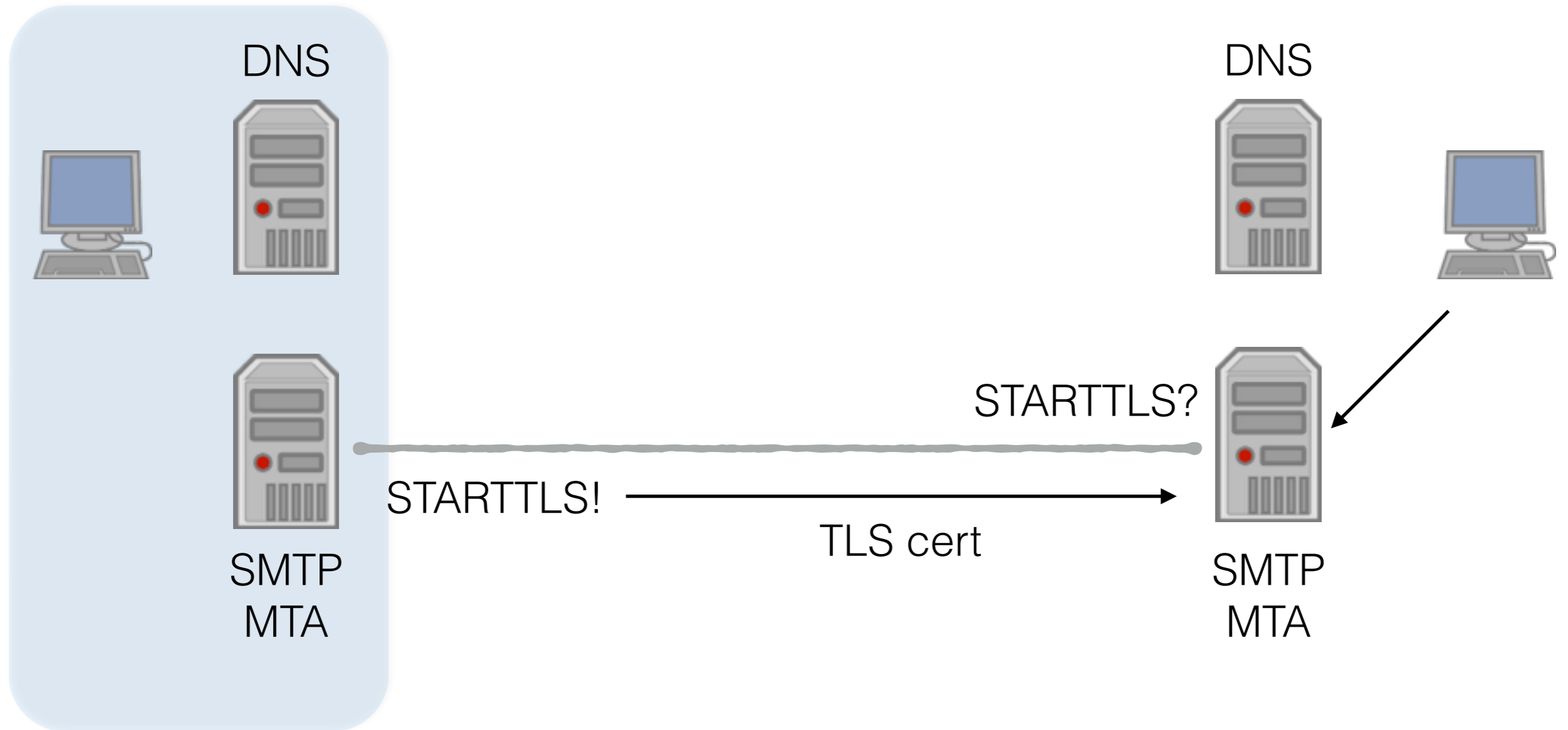
- **Validation of TLS certificates via DNS(SEC)**
  - **the hash of an x509 cert (or the full certificate) stored in DNS**
  - **validates: the owner of the domain is the owner of the certificate**



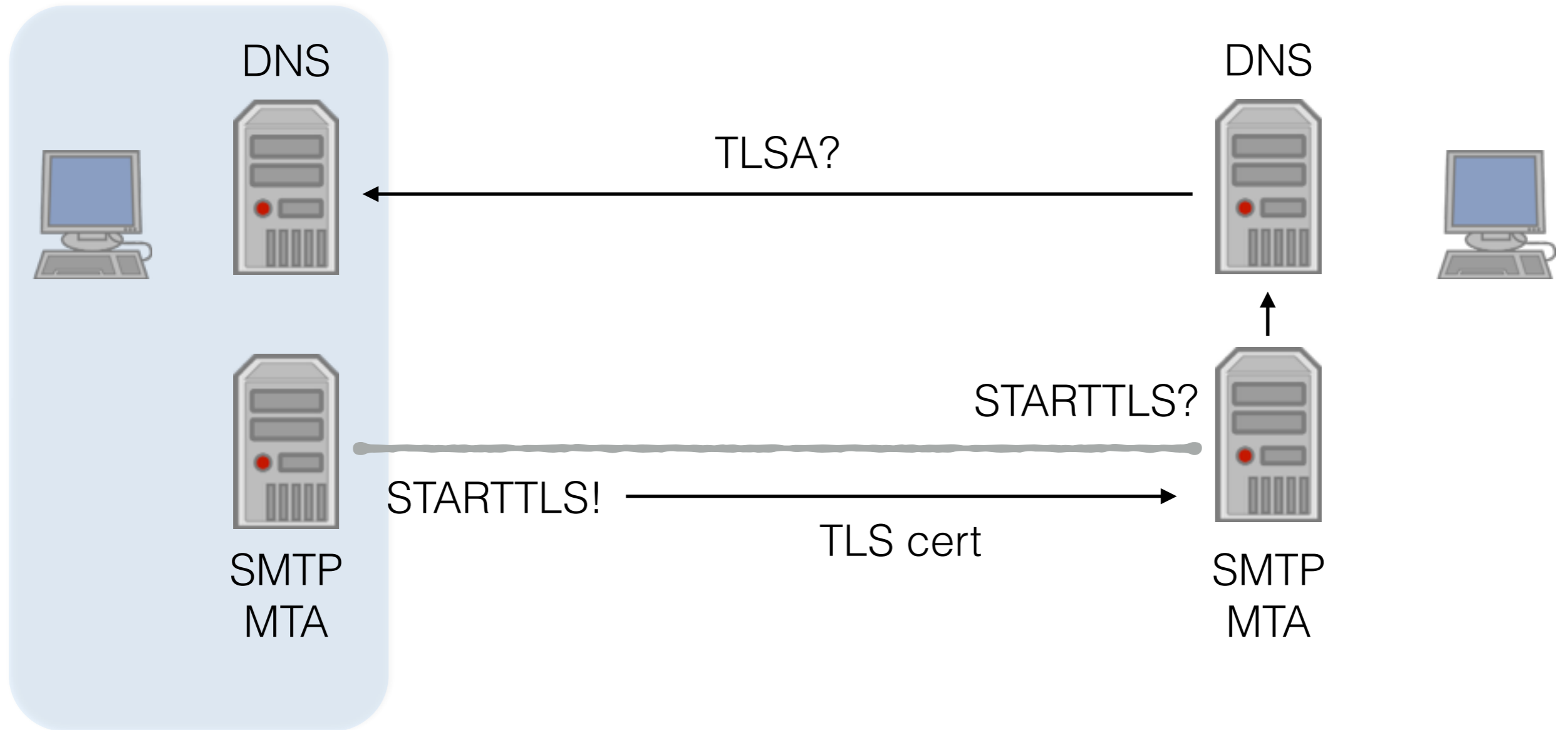
# TLSA/SMTP

- **the security-level similar to domain-validated x509 certificates**
  - **TLSA can be used to validate self-signed certificates**
  - **TLSA can be used to validate X509 certificates from certification authorities (Symantec, Comodo, StartSSL, CACert ...)**

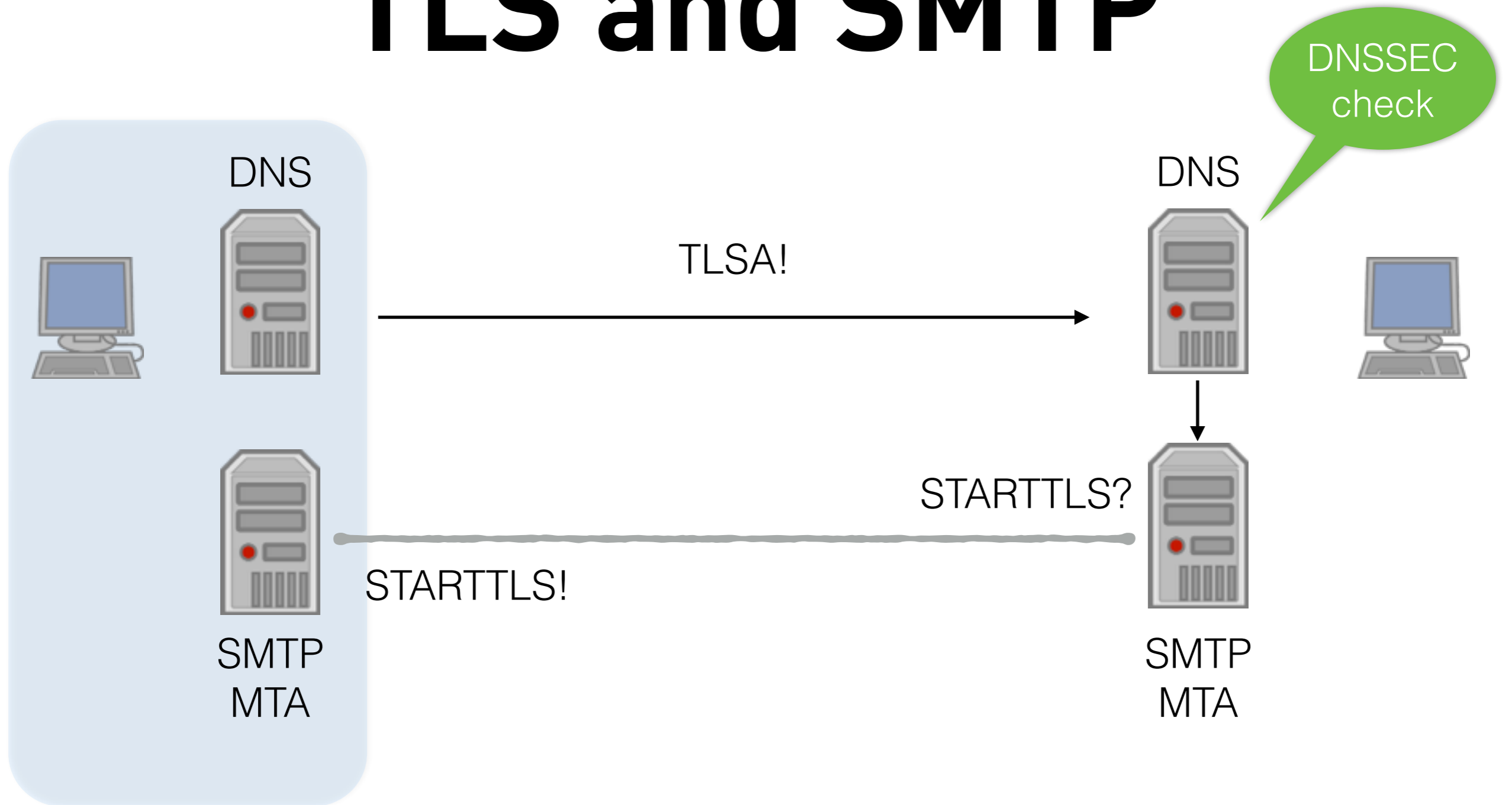
# TLS and SMTP



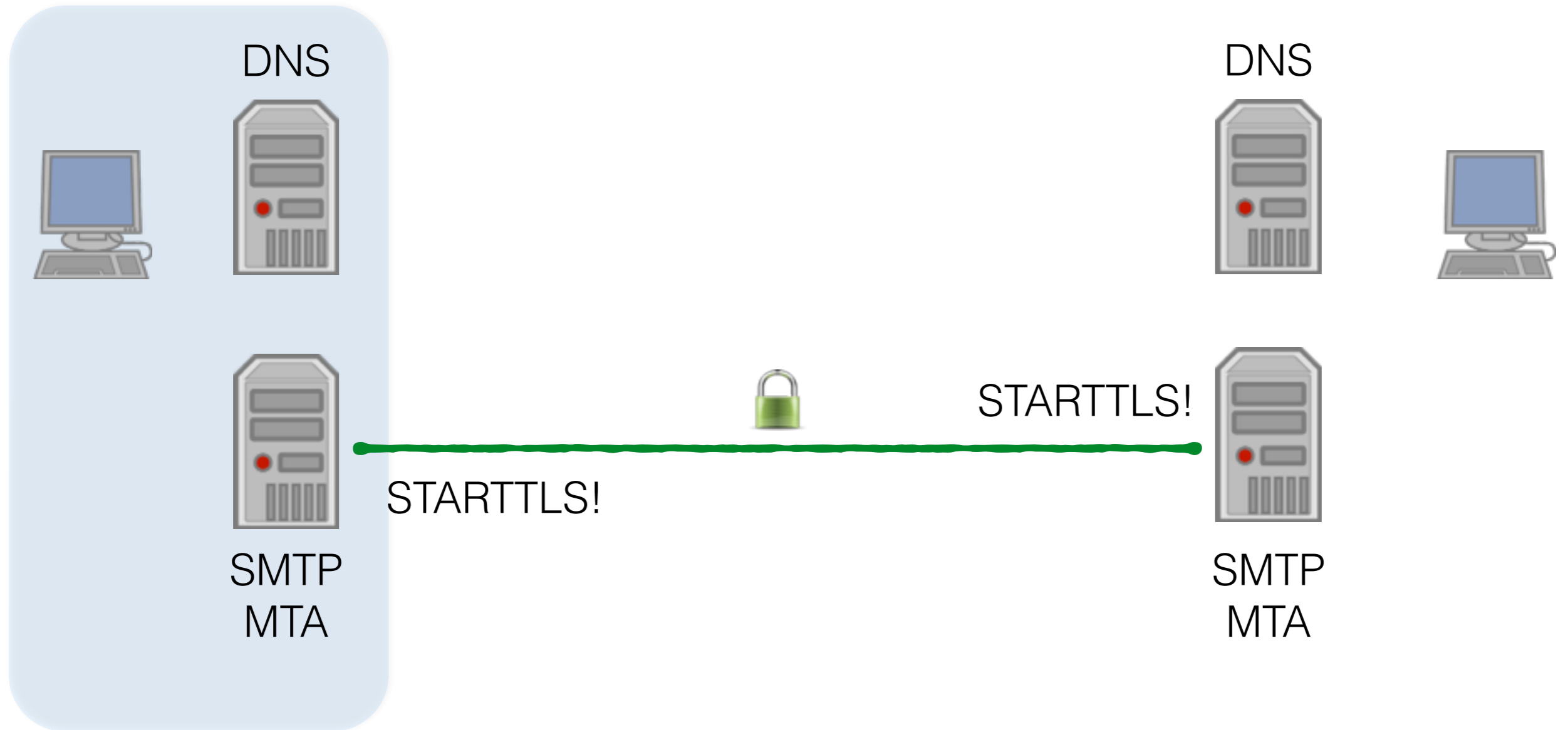
# TLS and SMTP



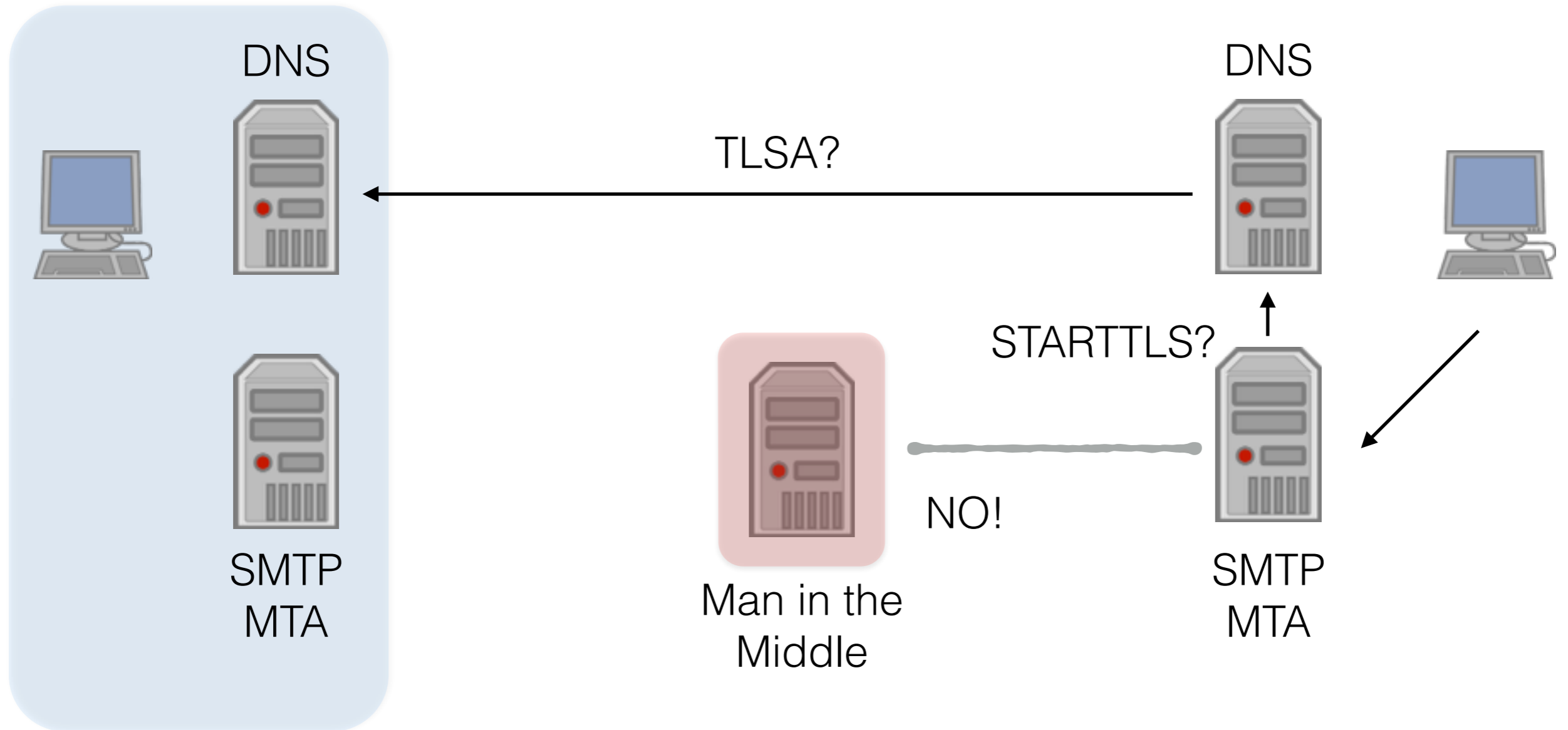
# TLS and SMTP



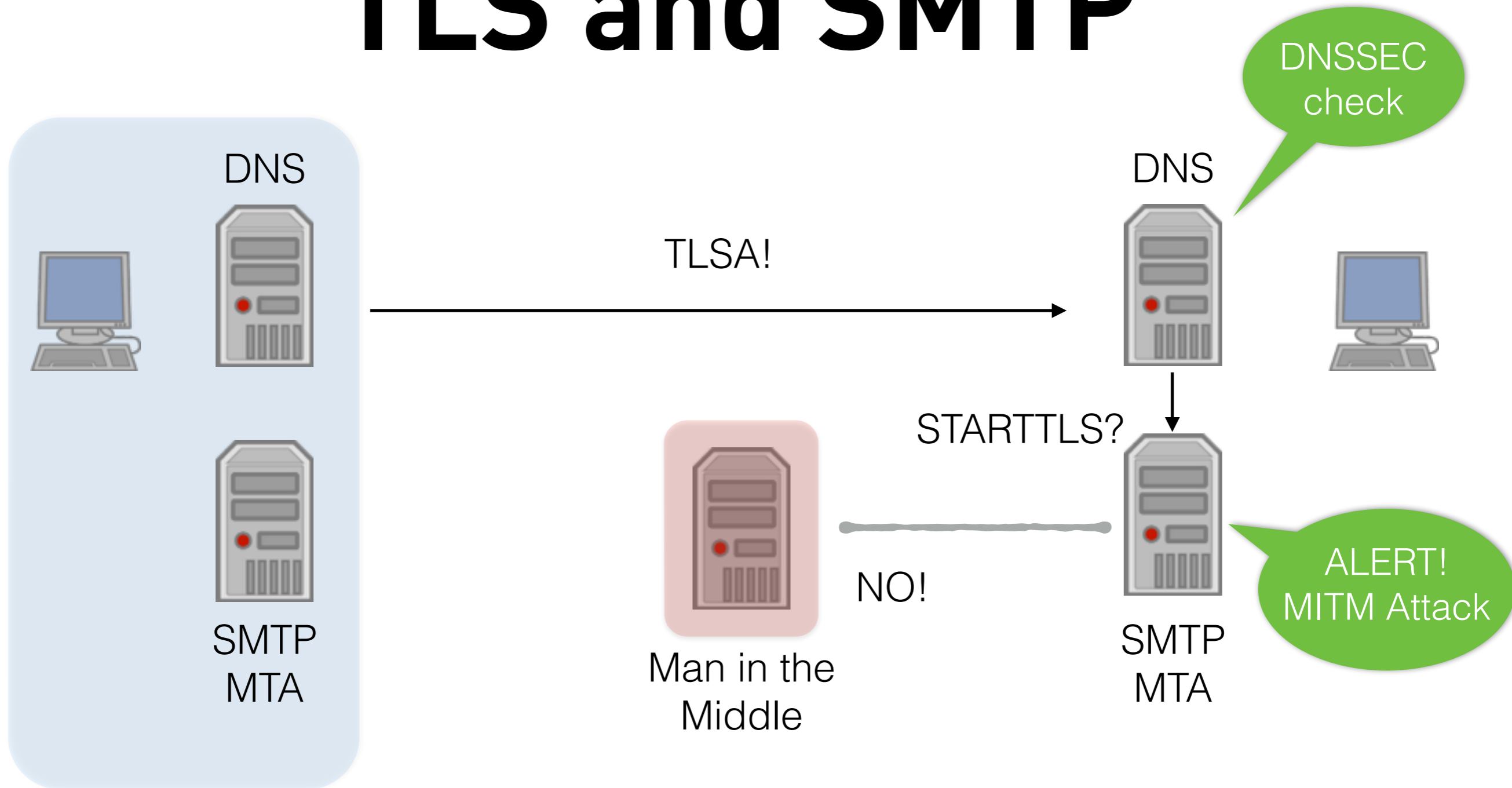
# TLS and SMTP



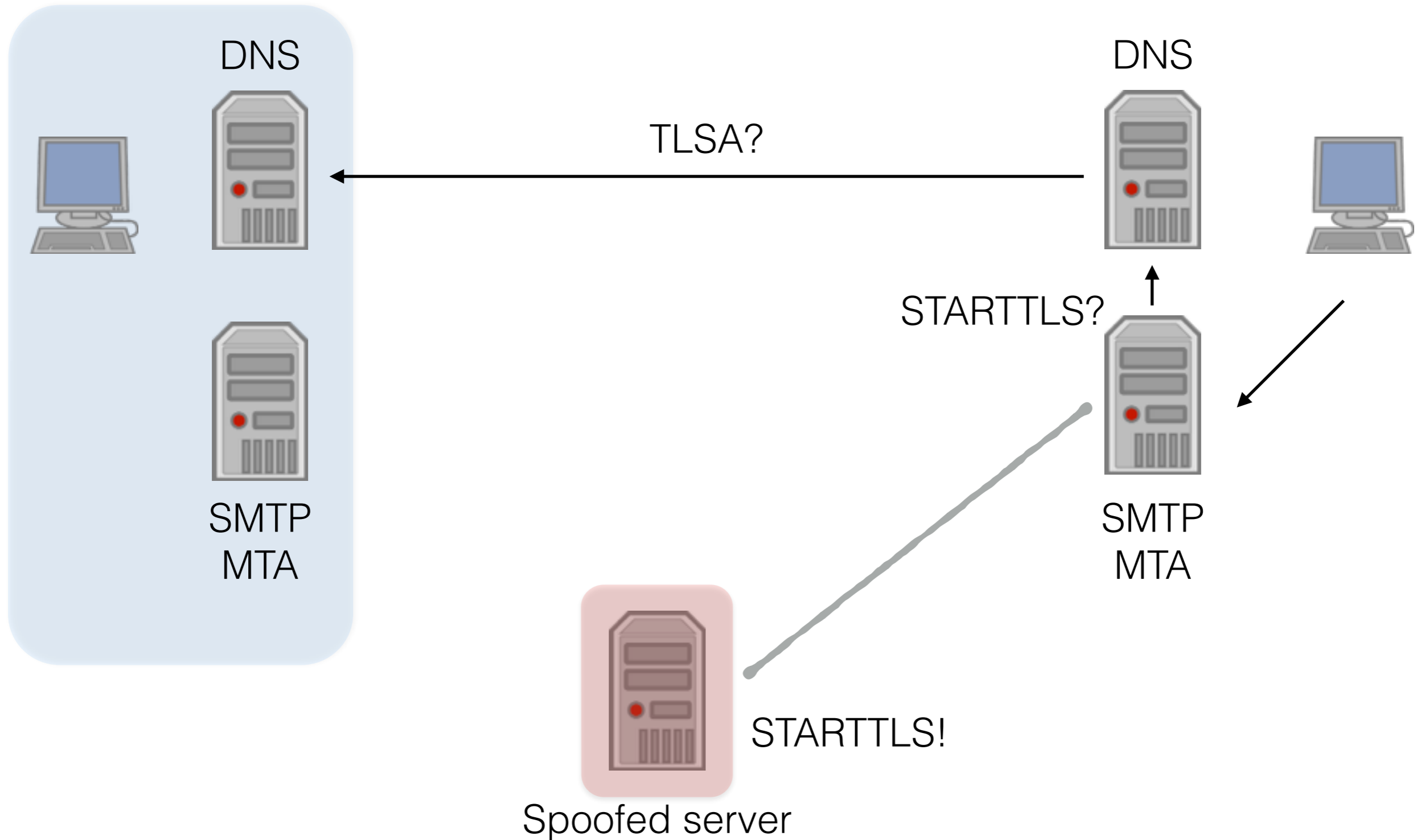
# TLS and SMTP



# TLS and SMTP

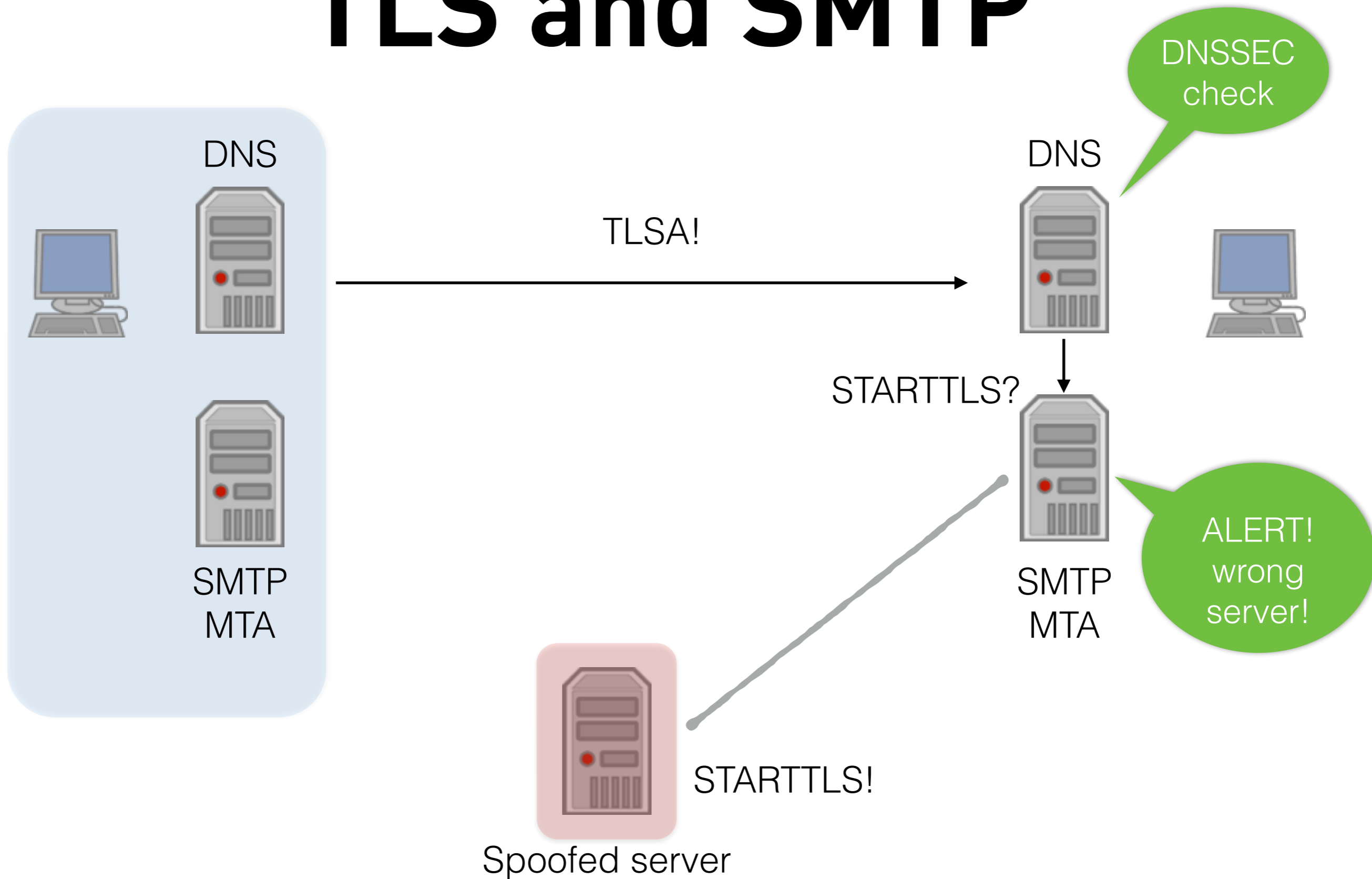


# TLS and SMTP





# TLS and SMTP



# Infrastructure DNS

- **DNSSEC validation (caching DNS resolver)**
  - **BIND 9, Unbound, dnsmasq, Windows 2012**
- **DNSSEC signed zones (authoritative DNS Server)**
  - **BIND 9, NSD, Knots, Y.A.D.I.F.A., PowerDNS, Bundy-DNS, Windows 2012**

# Infrastructure Mail

- **MTA with TLSA Support**
  - **Postfix 2.11, Exim (in development)**
- **TLS certificates**
  - **EV-certificate (Extended Validation)**
  - **DV-certificate (Domain Validation)**
  - **Self-signed certificate**

# BIND 9.9.x DNSSEC

- **enable DNSSEC validation:**

```
options {  
    ...  
    dnssec-validation auto;  
    dnssec-lookaside auto;  
};
```

# TLSA-Record

- **manual creation of a TLSA record hash:**

```
$ openssl x509 -in mail.example.de.crt -outform DER | openssl sha256 (stdin)=  
8cb0fc6c527506a053f4f14c8464bebbd6dede2738d11468dd953d7d6a3021f1
```

- **TLSA record:**

```
_25._tcp.mail.example.de. 3600 IN TLSA 3 0 1 (  
8cb0fc6c527506a053f4f14c8464bebbd6dede  
2738d11468dd953d7d6a3021f1 )
```

# test TLSA-Record

```
shell> dig _25._tcp.mail.example.de TLSA +dnssec +m
; <<>> DiG 9.9.5 <<>> _25._tcp.mail.example.de TLSA +dnssec +m
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 13973
;; flags: qr rd ra ad; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 2, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 0

;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags: do; udp: 4096
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;_25._tcp.mail.example.de. IN TLSA

;; ANSWER SECTION:
_25._tcp.mail.example.de. 3588 IN TLSA 3 1 1 (
8cb0fc6c527506a053f4f14c8464bebbd6dede
2738d11468dd953d7d6a3021f1 )
_25._tcp.mail.example.de. 3588 IN RRSIG TLSA 8 5 3600 (
20140324063111 20140317121843 4390 example.de.
RBgAAzQx3gks0KKJHuJ7qKd61jpY8E6dwDM6inPPa6Ee
xV80BnAzhF4RMKSabHF0LNwRzWqE5xNfPibMQFDoDRKJ
/QiNgux/IXti3JqtH4BkT0w70oi+8DZsil9BTjg6WkaX
1FuJ4rJ2r3hXS7eIOFWtOF7pPVPdIIaRB6xp+1A= )

;; Query time: 9 msec
;; SERVER: 127.0.0.1#53(127.0.0.1)
;; WHEN: Mon Mar 17 19:29:45 CET 2014
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 142
```

DNSSEC  
check OK

TLSA  
Record

DNSSEC  
signature

# Postfix configuration

- **Postfix configuration for TLSA validation:**

```
shell> postconf -e "smtpd_use_tls = yes"  
shell> postconf -e "smtp_dns_support_level = dnssec"  
shell> postconf -e "smtp_tls_security_level = dane"
```

# Postfix log (untrusted TLS)

- **Postfix log TLS without DNSSEC TLSA validation (DANE):**

```
Mar 16 19:10:55 m3 postfix/qmgr[25923]: 2B1A680337:  
from=<root@myinfrastructure.org>, size=291, nrcpt=1 (queue active)
```

```
Mar 16 19:11:03 m3 postfix/smtp[25929]: Untrusted TLS connection established to  
mail1.example.de[2001:db8:100::25]:25: TLSv1 with cipher ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA  
(256/256 bits)
```

```
Mar 16 19:11:05 m3 postfix/smtp[25929]: 2B1A680337: to=<benutzer@example.de>,  
relay=mail1.example.de[2001:db8:100::25]:25, delay=16, delays=6.2/0.01/7.9/2.1,  
dsn=2.0.0, status=sent (250 2.0.0 Ok: queued as 3fn80C2DP5zTT)
```

```
Mar 16 19:11:05 m3 postfix/qmgr[25923]: 2B1A680337: removed
```



# Postfix log

## (DNSSEC secured TLS)

- **Postfix log TLS with DNSSEC TLSA validation (DANE):**

```
Mar 16 19:20:01 m3 postfix/qmgr[26122]: 8FBEE80337:  
from=<root@myinfrastructure.org>, size=285, nrcpt=1 (queue active)
```

```
Mar 16 19:20:01 m3 postfix/smtp[26131]: Verified TLS connection established to  
mail.example.de[2001:db8:100::25]:25: TLSv1 with cipher ECDHE-RSA-AES256-SHA  
(256/256 bits)
```

```
Mar 16 19:20:03 m3 postfix/smtp[26131]: 8FBEE80337: to=<benutzer@example.de>,  
relay=mail.example.de[2001:db8:100::25]:25, delay=149, delays=147/0.03/0.13/1.8,  
dsn=2.0.0, status=sent (250 2.0.0 Ok: queued as 3fn8BY31tPzTT)
```

```
Mar 16 19:20:03 m3 postfix/qmgr[26122]: 8FBEE80337: removed
```

# DANE TLSA Benefits

- **authenticated encrypted connection between SMTP server**
- **prevents STARTTLS "downgrade" attacks**
- **secures against fake/spoofed TLS/SSL certificates**
- **no CRL/OCSP required to "revoke" a certificate (just replace the TLSA record)**

# Mail-ISP deploys DANE/SMTP

News

Newsticker 7-Tage-News Archiv Foren

Topthemen: Heartbleed Fritzbox Windows XP NSA Bitcoin

[heise online](#) > [News](#) > [2014](#) > [KW 20](#) > [Verschlüsselter Mail-Transport: Posteo setzt als erste](#)

12.05.2014 15:37

 « [Vorige](#) | [Nächste](#) »

## Verschlüsselter Mail-Transport: Posteo setzt als erster Provider DANE ein

 [Vorlesen](#) / [MP3-Download](#)

**Damit schlägt die kleine Firma den großen Anbietern erneut ein Schnippchen: Anders als etwa die Konkurrenz von "E-Mail made in Germany" setzt Posteo auf einen offenen Standard, dessen Implementierung obendrein nicht teuer zertifiziert werden muss.**

Das Berliner Unternehmen Posteo setzt seit dem heutigen Montag als vermutlich weltweit erster Mail-Dienstleister die moderne DANE-Technik ein, um den

**~500.000 Mails/day, ~50.000 Mailboxes**

**MEN&MICE**



We do ASCII

**[?]**

**Patrick Ben Koetter — p@sys4.de**

**Carsten Strotmann — carsten@menandmice.com**

# Links

- **Sys4** - <http://www.sys4.de>
- **Men & Mice** - <http://www.menandmice.com>
- **DNSWorkshop** - <http://dnsworkshop.org>
- **Postfix TLS Readme** - [http://www.postfix.org/TLS\\_README.html](http://www.postfix.org/TLS_README.html)
- **Wietse Venema "Postfix 2.11" FOSDEM 2014 Video** -  
[https://fosdem.org/2014/schedule/event/postfix\\_lessons\\_learned\\_and\\_recent\\_developments/](https://fosdem.org/2014/schedule/event/postfix_lessons_learned_and_recent_developments/)
- **IETF "DANE" working group** - <http://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/dane/>
  - **TLSA RFC 6698** - <http://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/rfc6698/>
  - **TLSA/SMTP Draft** - <http://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/draft-ietf-dane-smtp-with-dane/>
- **c't Issue 11/2014 - Page 194 "Geleitschutz"**
- **TLSA generator webpage** - [https://www.huque.com/bin/gen\\_tlsa](https://www.huque.com/bin/gen_tlsa)
- **"hash-slinger" by Paul Wouters (Red Hat)** - <http://people.redhat.com/pwouters/hash-slinger/>
- **DNSSEC Training** —  
<http://www.menandmice.com/support-training/training/dnssec-workshop/>